

Header: #include "mtx.hh"**Libraries:** libmtx.a (static) libmtx.so (dynamic) linux-2.6.32-504.12.2.el6.x86_64 gcc-4.4.7 20120313**Variables (public):**

- ▶ x11 ... x33 = scalar polymorphic elements

Constructors (public)

- ▶ mtx<double> a initialisation to zero, or a
- ▶ mtx<int> a(1, 0, ...) initialisation to given value
- ▶ auto a = b initialisation to b (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a(b) initialisation to b (mtx, or scalar)

Assign (public)

- ▶ mtx<int> a; a = b initialisation to b (mtx, or scalar)

Cast operators

- ▶ scalar(z) conversion mtx<scalar'> → scalar
- ▶ mtx<scalar>(z) conversion mtx<scalar'> → mtx<scalar>

Negative (friend)

- ▶ auto a = -b initialisation to -b (const&, or &&)

Conjugate (friend)

- ▶ auto a = ~b initialisation to b* (const&, or &&)

Algebraic operators (friends)

- ▶ auto a = b+c b, c are (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a = b-c b, c are (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a = b*c b, c are (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a = b/c b, c are (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a += b b is (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a -= b b is (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a *= b b is (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)
- ▶ auto a /= b b is (const&, or &&), (mtx, or scalar)

- ▶ auto a = M|v mtx M applied to vec |v>
- ▶ auto a = v|M mtx M⁺ applied to vec <v|
- ▶ auto a = (a|M|b) mtx element M_{ab}
- ▶ auto a = (P|Q) Frobenius scalar-prod of mtx P and Q

Functions (friend)

- ▶ fabs(z) Frobenius norm
- ▶ log(z) log, minimal phase convention
- ▶ exp(z) (U)exp(M_{diag})(U⁺)
- ▶ eigen(z) mtx<cpx<scalar>> w/ normed eigen-v's as columns

Print (friend)

- ▶ cout << z << endl << endl; note 2 endl !
- ▶ cout << boolalpha << z << endl; print scalar type appended

Usage examples

- ▶ auto z = exp(Lz*PI/4) PI/4 rotation around |e_z>

Description

The **mtx** class is a very slim (2 variables, constructors, cast operators) templated C++ class. The huge number of non-class operators (27+1205) are friend, saving an extra variable (`this`) in the call, for somewhat higher runtime expediency. A deeper reason is due to templated coding, each operator function needing ca. 7 implementations, in order to accomodate *quasi-polymorphism*.

Quasi-polymorphism means the package mimics polymorphism for the usual scalar types used in science and engineering. Statements such as:

```
auto z = double(1) + mtx<int>(3,0,1,0,2,1,4,1,0) ;
```

benefit of the templated function type-calculator to determine the output type as `mtx<double>`.

The class overloads `fabs` to calculate the norm – and has `eigen` to output a `cpx<scalar>` matrix w/ normed eigen-vec's as columns. `Log` and `exp` also available.

The class comes with all instantiation combinations for `int`, `float`, `double`, `long double` – and `cpx<int>`, `cpx<float>`, `cpx<double>`, `cpx<long double>`.

The **makefile** is banale, however with full pfledged functionality: `make libs`, `make test`, `make run`, `make clean`.

The class comes with 4 examples and 1 application example.