

**Header:**        `#include "vec.hh"`

**Libraries:**    `libvec.a` (static)                                `linux-2.6.32-504.12.2.el6.x86_64`  
                  `libvec.so` (dynamic)                                `gcc-4.4.7 20120313`

## Variables (public):

- ▶ `x, y, z = scalar` ..... polymorphic elements

## Constructors (public)

- ▶ `vec<double> a` ..... initialisation to zero, or a
- ▶ `vec<int> a(1,0,2)` ..... initialisation to given value
- ▶ `auto a = b` ..... initialisation to b (vec, or scalar)
- ▶ `auto a(b)` ..... initialisation to b (vec, or scalar)

## Assign (public)

- ▶ `vec<int> a; a = b` ..... initialisation to b (vec, or scalar)

## Cast operators

- ▶ `scalar(z)` ..... conversion `vec<scalar'>` → scalar
- ▶ `vec<scalar>(z)` ..... conversion `vec<scalar'>` → `vec<scalar>`

## Negative (friend)

- ▶ `auto a = -b` ..... initialisation to -b (const&, or &&)

## Conjugate (friend)

- ▶ `auto a = ~b` ..... initialisation to <b| (const&, or &&)

## Algebraic operators (friends)

- ▶ `auto a = b+c` ..... b, c are (const&, or &&), (vec)
- ▶ `auto a = b-c` ..... b, c are (const&, or &&), (vec)
- ▶ `auto a = b*c` ..... b, c are (const&, or &&), (vec, or scalar)
- ▶ `auto a = b/c` ..... c is (const&, or &&), (scalar)
- ▶ `auto a += b` ..... b is (const&, or &&), (vec)
- ▶ `auto a -= b` ..... b is (const&, or &&), (vec)
- ▶ `auto a *= b` ..... b is (const&, or &&), (vec, or scalar)
- ▶ `auto a /= b` ..... b is (const&, or &&), (scalar)

▶ `auto a = (P|Q) .....` scalar-prod of vec P and Q

### Functions (friend)

▶ `fabs(z) .....` norm

### Print (friend)

▶ `cout << z << endl; .....` note 2 endl !

▶ `cout << boolalpha << z << endl; .....` print scalar type appended

### Usage examples

▶ `auto z = ~v .....` equal to  $\langle v \rangle$

## Description

The **vec** class is a very slim (2 variables, constructors, cast operators) templated C++ class. The huge number of non-class operators (2400) are `friend`, saving an extra variable (`this`) in the call, for somewhat higher runtime expediency. A deeper reason is due to templated coding, each operator function needing ca. 7 implementations, in order to accomodate *quasi-polymorphism*.

Quasi-polymorphism means the package mimics polymorphism for the usual scalar types used in science and engineering. Statements such as:

```
auto z = double(1) * vec<int>(4,1,0) ;
```

benefit of the templated function type-calculator to determine the output type as `vec<double>`.

The class overloads `fabs` to calculate the norm – and has `eigen` to output a `cpx<scalar>` matrix w/ normed eigen-vec's as columns. `Log` and `exp` also available.

The class comes with all instantiation combinations for `int`, `float`, `double`, `long double` – and `cpx<int>`, `cpx<float>`, `cpx<double>`, `cpx<long double>`.

The **makefile** is banale, however with full pfledged functionality: `make libs`, `make test`, `make run`, `make clean`.

The class comes with 4 examples and 1 application example.